





2022

Tesla Model 3

208 kW electric RWD automatic



10.0

Clean Air Index

Energy Efficiency Index



Greenhouse Gas Index



Laboratory Test NMHC NO _x NH	3 CO PN
10.0/10 Cold Test	
10.0/10 Warm Test	
10.0/10 Highway	
10.0/10 Cold Ambient Test	
Road Test	
10.0/10 On-Road Drive	
5.0/5 On-Road Short Trip	
8.0/8 On-Road Heavy Load	
5.0/5 On-Road Light Load	
2.0/2 Congestion	













Comments

Tesla only produces battery electric vehicles. Accordingly, Model 3 scores the maximum index of 10 in this part of the assessment as it doesn't emit any polluting exhaust gases.

Energy Efficiency Tests

	Laboratory Test	Energy			
10.0 /10	Cold Test		\rightarrow	16.5 kWh/100 km	
10.0 /10	Warm Test		\rightarrow	15.9 kWh/100 km	
9.8 /10	Highway		\rightarrow	21.1 kWh/100 km	
8.8 /10	Cold Ambient Test		\rightarrow	28.5 kWh/100 km	
		Consumption	on	Driving Range	
	Average	17.9 kWh/100) km	390 km	
	Worst-case	28.5 kWh/100) km	241 km	













Comments

Model 3 impresses with a very high energy efficiency, not only in the Cold and Warm WLTC+ laboratory tests but also in the challenging Highway Test. Here, the small frontal area and the aerodynamic shape work to the vehicle's advantage. At a winterly -7°C, however, consumption increases by 72% and the driving range is reduced to 241km. In "normal" real world driving, figures below 16 kWh/100 km and ranges of up to 450 km can be expected. The measured charging/discharging efficiency from the charging socket to battery output is 89%, using Green NCAP's method of 11kW AC charging.

	Greenhouse gases	CO2	N ₂ O	CH₄
10.0 /10 C	old Test			
10.0/10 V	Varm Test			
10.0 /10 H	lighway			
9.3 /10 C	old Ambient Test			

adequate marginal

weak

Comments

The Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Index is based on a Well-to-Wheel+ approach, meaning that the GHG emissions related to the supply of energy are added to those of the tailpipe. The vehicle's production is not yet included in the assessment due to the implicit limitations of generic data about global supply chains. Since the Model 3 is a purely electric car, its assessed GHG emissions originate only from the upstream processes of electricity supply – ca. $45-80 \text{ gCO}_2$ -eq./km. Thanks to its low energy consumption and the relatively low GHG of EU electricity production, the Tesla scores a very high 9.8/10.

Our Verdict

Tested here is Tesla Model 3 with a declared battery capacity of 60 kWh, single motor and rear wheel drive. With its power of 208 kW it attracts a young and sporty audience. Despite its relatively high mass – typical for electric vehicles – Model 3 demonstrates very low energy consumption figures and proves it has been designed with a special focus on efficiency and driving range. Indeed, in the Highway Test, the small Tesla gets the highest score of all Green NCAP tested vehicles so far, with a very impressive 21.1kWh/100 km. Under cold winter conditions (WLTC+ test at -7°C), however, the consumption is increased by 72% and this limits the driving range significantly due to high demand for cabin heating and battery protection management strategies. The measured usable battery capacity of 61kWh meets the declared value and allows a range of ca. 450 km under standard real-world conditions and moderate climatization demand.

Higher energy efficiency in cold weather conditions and further reduction of charging losses (tests consider 11kW AC charging), would help the vehicle boost its sustainability result even more. The absence of polluting exhaust gas emissions, the high energy efficiency and the relatively low greenhouse gas emissions of European average electricity production grant the Tesla an impressive Weighted Overall Index of 9.8 out of 10 and a well-deserved 5 Green stars.

Disclaimer 2

Specfications

Publication Date

Tested Car LRW3E7FR0NC56xxxx Tyres 235/45 R18 Emissions Class

Mass 1,760 kg Engine Size n.a.

System Power/Torque 208 kW/353 Nm Declared CO₂

Declared Battery Capacity
60.0 kWh

Overall 491km City 603km Declared Consumption 14.4 kWh/100 km

